

## Practice Problems for Math Success

### Composition Functions

These **practice problems** are designed to help you **prepare for our course exams** and **assess your understanding** of the course material at the expected level. Aim to complete them **in class, during tutoring, office hours, or on your own**, and try to solve them **without notes or a calculator**, just like on the **actual exams**. Remember, **practice makes perfect**, so don't hesitate to **ask for help** if you get stuck.

1. Let  $m(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$  and  $n(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x+1}$ . Find a formula for each of the functions below. Simplify your final answer.

(a)  $m(n(x))$

(b)  $n(n(x))$

2. Let  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 - 5}$ . Find and simplify  $m(x)$  given that  $f(m(x)) = \frac{x+2}{x-3}$ .

3. Let  $H$  be a piecewise function given by

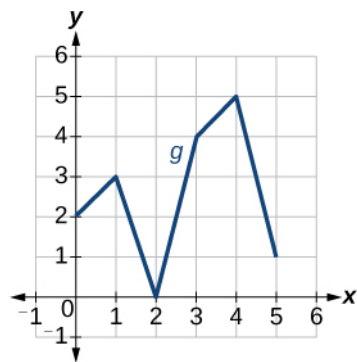
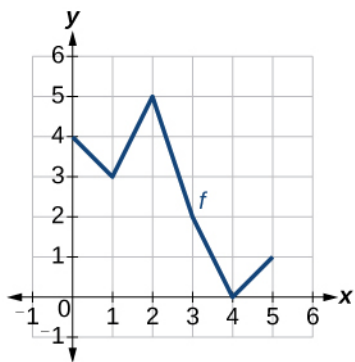
$$H(x) = \begin{cases} 3^x - 2, & x \leq 1 \\ -2x + 3, & 1 < x \leq 3 \\ x - 7, & 3 < x \leq 6 \end{cases}.$$

Fill in the blanks.

(a)  $H(H(3)) =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

(b)  $H(H(10)) =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

(c)  $H(H(2)) =$  \_\_\_\_\_.



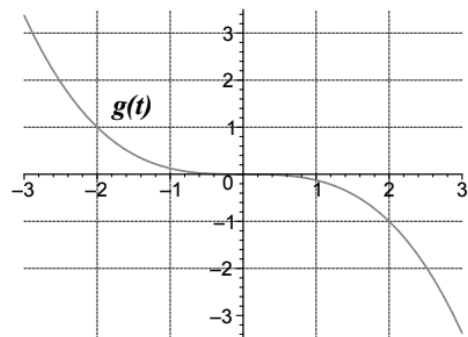
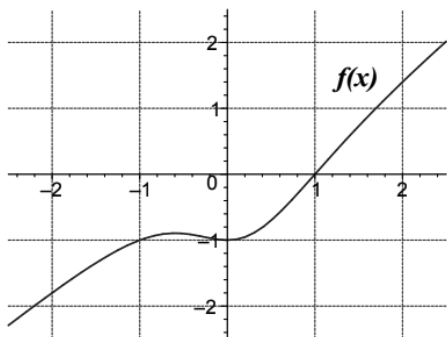
4. Consider the graphs of  $f$  and  $g$  above. Find in the blanks below.

(a)  $f(g(3)) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b)  $g(f(0)) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(c)  $g(f(g(2))) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5. Let  $f$  and  $g$  be two functions whose graphs are drawn below.



- (a) Solve for  $t$ .

$$f(g(t)) \cdot g(t) = 0.$$

- (b) For what values of  $t$  is  $f(g(t)) > 0$ ? Express your answer in interval notation.